



System Quick Guide

Introductory information on some of the current transformation programmes.

Sustainability and Transformation Plans

What are they?

STPs are new collaborations between Clinical Commissioning Group (CCGs) and Provider Trusts which should also include key partners like local authorities. They are not statutory or independently constituted organisations, instead they are collaborations between health and care organisations to deliver existing functions in a new way.

CCGs and Trusts, working with Local Authorities were required to develop and submit multiyear plans showing how they would deliver system change and financial savings. 44 STPs plans have been published.

The focus on children varies across these plans and [RCPCH has highlighted how](#) many published plans have not taken account of the needs of infants, children and young people.

New Models of Care Vanguard

There are 50 vanguards across England piloting new models of care. These are collaborations between health and social care agencies at local and regional levels.

They include:

- Acute Care Collaborations
- Urgent and Emergency Care
- Enhanced Health in Care Home

Place Based Systems of Care Vanguard

Integrated Primary and Acute Care Systems (PACS)

What are they?

PACS are a model for bringing together health and care providers to deliver a very wide range of services that are currently provided by a range of providers across physical and mental health, public health and social care.

PACS can include community services, acute services delivered in hospitals mental health and social care services.

Aim

To enable a shift of resources from reactive hospital care to prevention and community based interventions by coordinating cares across the spectrum of need. PACS will also support the planning and delivery of coordinated care through integrated, multi-disciplinary community based teams.

Multi Community Provider Contracts (MCPs)

What are they?

MCPs are a model of accountable care delivery where a single contracted provider combines elements of both primary care and community based health services for a population.

A MCP contract is a hybrid variation of the NHS Standard contract and the contract for primary medical services that will set out the requirements and expectations of the provider.

Aim

The purpose of an MCP is to improve integration of services and provide services organised around a "care hub" model, redesigning the planning and delivery of care to its local population in a fundamental way

The contract will run for an extended period of time - 10-15 years.

Accountable Care Systems/ Accountable Organisations

What are they?

Accountable Care Systems/ Organisations are envisaged as a next stage, or "evolved" STPs with more integration between partners, moving towards a single organisation accountable for health and wellbeing.

[Eight areas](#) are currently developing plans to take Accountable Care Organisations forward.

Aim

The vision behind Accountable Care organisations is a more formally integrated health system that can deliver improved care and reduced costs by reducing

duplication of effort, gaps in provision and the negative impact of financial incentives that reward and encourage.

Integrated Personal Commissioning (IPC)

What is it?

An NHS England led programme supporting redesign of health and social care services around those with complex, long terms needs. This includes the delivery of integrated personal health budgets.

The ten original early adopter areas have been joined by an additional ten sites, with an ambition to reach over 300,000 people by 2018/19.

Aim

IPC aims to empower people to have more choice and control over their own health, care and wellbeing by redesigning services around those with complex, long terms needs. This includes developing and delivering integrated personal health budgets.

National Delivery Programmes

Children and Families Act

What is it?

New legislation requiring joint commissioning and integration of education, health and social care services for disabled children and young people and those with special education needs. It aims to improve outcomes for disabled children and young people and those with special education needs and their families by improving joint commissioning and introducing Education, Health and Care Plans.

Transforming Care

What is it?

The Transforming Care Programme is a joint programme to improve planning and support for people with learning disability, autism and mental health conditions. It aims to reduce the use of inappropriate institutional placements in Assessment and Treatment Units and improve provision in the community.

48 Transforming Care Partnerships have formed across England to implement the new service model and carry out Care, Education and Treatment Reviews.

Future in Mind Local Area Transformation Plans

What are they?

Multiagency Partnerships led by CCGs to develop and implement locally based plans to transform mental health services for children and young people based on the Future in Mind recommendations.

Aim

Improve mental health and wellbeing outcomes for children and young people by supporting device transformation. Includes a focus on groups most at risk of poor access to and outcomes from mental health services.

Digital Child Health Transformation Programme

What is it?

Healthy Children: Transforming Child Health Information sets out a plan to transform child health information services, improving health outcomes by supporting professionals to have improved access to health information at the point of care and empowering children young people and their parents to be more involved in have greater control over their health information. The Programme aims to align the redesign of Child Health Information to the Local Digital Roadmaps and STPs.